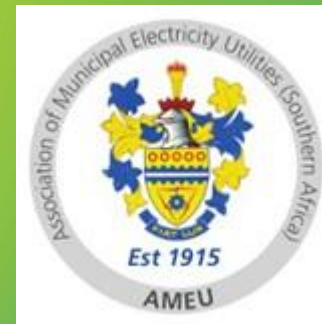


CYBERSECURITY FOR CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE – LEGISLATION AND REGULATION C Pool - Proconics

Engineering, Procurement, Construction,
Project Management, Automation, Control,
Electrical, Instrumentation, Design, Software
Systems Integration and Analysers.

Agile, Interdependent, Insightful, Relational.



Contents

- Who am I?
- Introduction
- Legislative
 - History
 - Cybercrimes & cybersecurity bill – 2017
 - OHSACT
- Standards
- Conclusion
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Who am I?

- 22 years in industry
- 14 years involved in process networks & security
- ECSA Pr. Eng



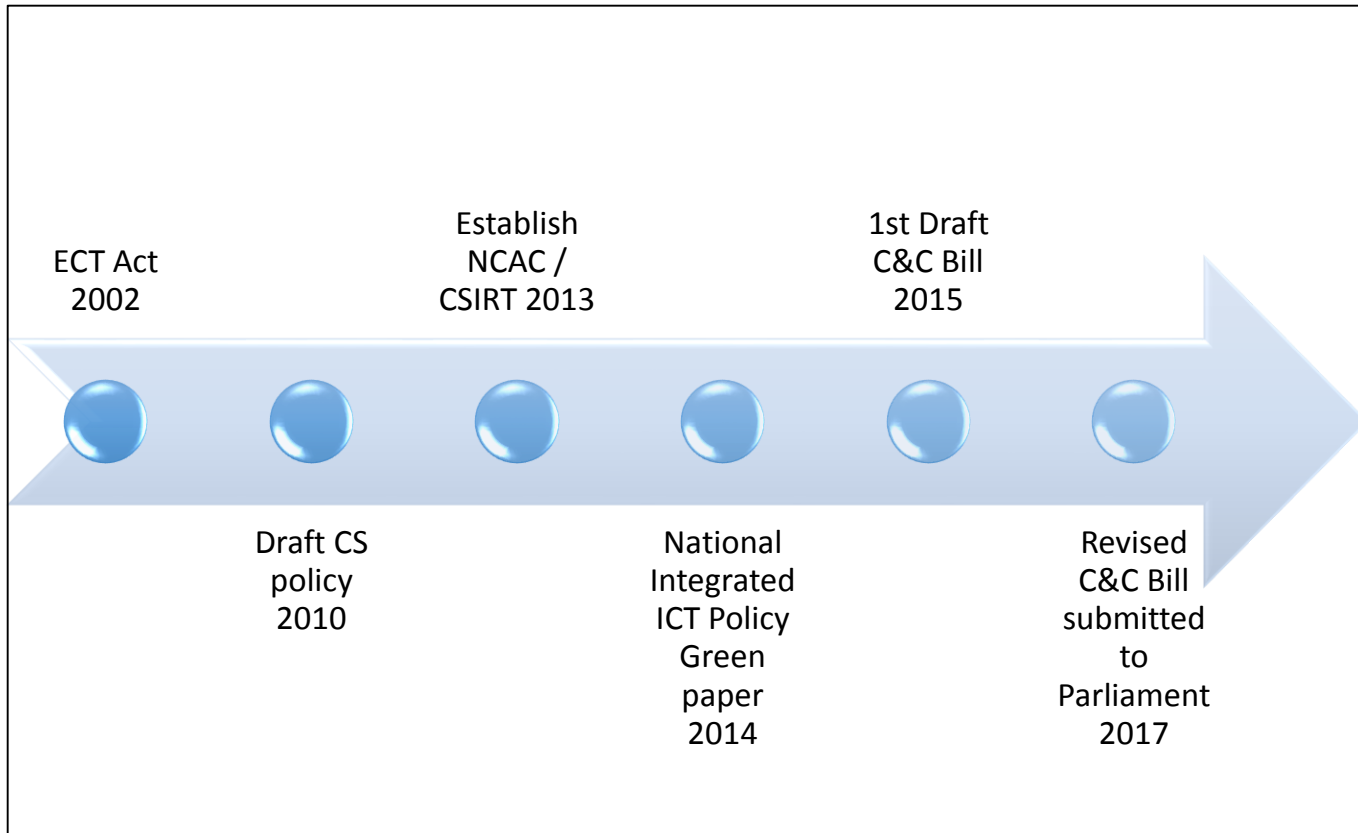
Introduction

- Cybercrime reported impact 2015 – R35billion
- 3rd most active country for cybercrime
- Industrial systems including smart grids at risk
- Aurora – grid specific
- General malware

Top Threats 2015	Assessed Trends 2015	Top Threats 2016	Assessed Trends 2016	Change in ranking
1. Malware	🔴	1. Malware	🔴	➔
2. Web based attacks	🔴	2. Web based attacks	🔴	➔
3. Web application attacks	🔴	3. Web application attacks	🔴	➔
4. Botnets	🟢	4. Denial of service	🔴	↑
5. Denial of service	🔴	5. Botnets	🔴	↓
6. Physical damage/theft/loss	🟡	6. Phishing	🟡	↑
7. Insider threat (malicious, accidental)	🔴	7. Spam	🟢	↑
8. Phishing	🟡	8. Ransomware	🟡	↑
9. Spam	🟢	9. Insider threat (malicious, accidental)	🟡	↓
10. Exploit kits	🔴	10. Physical manipulation/damage/theft/loss	🔴	↓
11. Data breaches	🟡	11. Exploit kits	🔴	↓
12. Identity theft	🟡	12. Data breaches	🔴	↓
13. Information leakage	🔴	13. Identity theft	🟢	↓
14. Ransomware	🔴	14. Information leakage	🔴	↓
15. Cyber espionage	🔴	15. Cyber espionage	🟢	➔

Legend: Trends: 🟢 Declining, 🟡 Stable, 🔴 Increasing
 Ranking: ↑ Going up, ➔ Same, ↓ Going down

Legislation - History



Legislation – C&C bill

- Chapter 2 – definition of crime:
 - Unauthorised access
 - Interference with data & essential services
 - Failure to comply can result in 2 year sentence
- All NKP's are automatically included
- Responsibility of owner / operator of critical information infrastructure
 - Apply to have the infrastructure declared critical
 - Comply with directives (at own cost)
 - Audits to be performed every 24 months (Section 58)
- Security to be maintained according to national standards
- SSA – concerns expressed

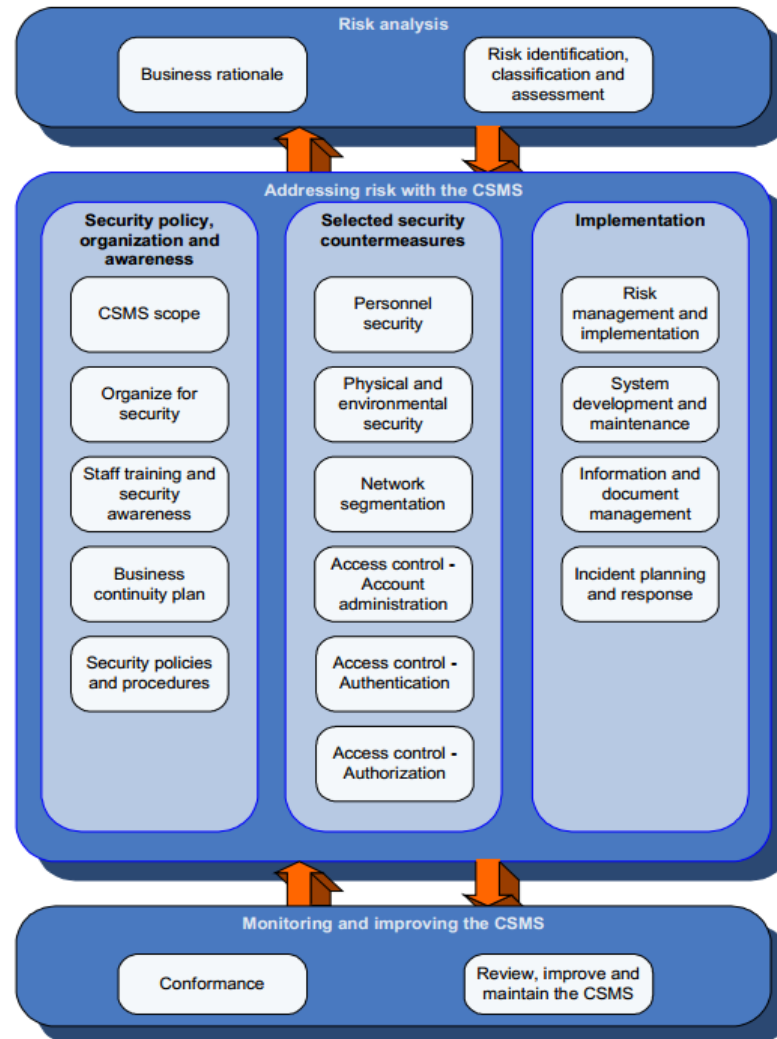
Legislation – OHSACT

- Controversial
- GMR 3 & 4
 - ICS's can be fined as part of machine assemblies
 - Securing & safe operation regulations apply
- MHI Regulation 6 (Generally not applicable to Electricity distribution)
 - Risk assessments
 - Audits
 - Mitigation of risk

Standards – SANS62443-2-1

- SATS62443-1-1 also accepted
- Only part of IEC62443 suite
- CSMS
 - Risk analysis
 - Addressing the risks
 - Monitor and improve the CSMS
- Dependant on 2 principles
 - Defence in Depth (DiD) – this includes isolation of functional and logical units
 - Continuous monitoring and improvement.

Standards – SANS62443-2-1

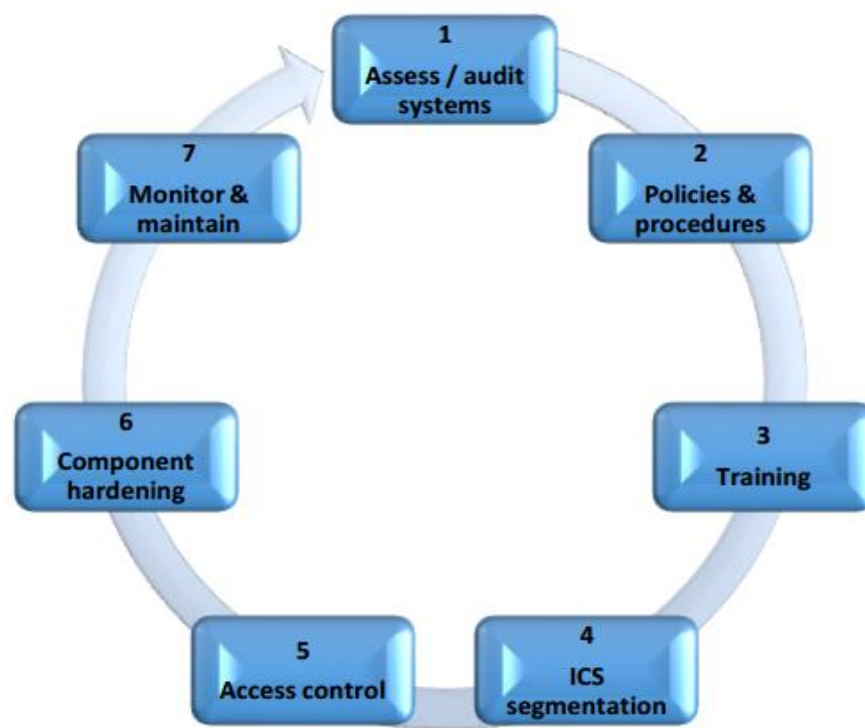


Standards – SATR62443-3-1:2016

- Implementation technologies
 - Authentication & authorization – includes password management
 - Filtering / blocking / access control – does not include physical access control, but includes firewalling
 - Encryption & data validation – includes VPN's
 - Management, audit, measurement, monitoring & detection – includes antivirus, IDS and automated software management
 - IACS software – covers the different operating systems
 - Physical security – access control and personnel security

Standards – SATR62443-3-1:2016

- Industry specific guidelines should be used
 - NERC CIP, NIST, ENISA



Conclusion

- ICS systems at risk
- Legislative impact
- Be proactive

Questions?

